and public investments that benefit average Americans. And why? So they can give massive tax breaks to the wealthiest among us.

This budget, make no mistake, is a return to trickle-down economics. It gives the wealthy a massive tax reduction and asks the middle class to pay the bill. One middle-class program after another is reduced in order to finance a tax break for those that have the most.

For example, the Republicans are reducing Medicare \$270 billion over this 7-year period; Medicaid by \$182 billion. Make no mistake, rural hospitals all across America will close. I have dozens of such hospitals in my State. I have talked to the administrators. I have asked them the effect of these budget plans, and they have said to me, "Senator, we will close our doors. We will have no option."

Our Republican friends say they are for welfare reform, they want people to work. They are right about that, people should work. But with the budget cuts that they have outlined, people will not be working. The Congressional Budget Office told the Finance Committee, under the Senate Republican plan that 44 of the 50 States in this country will not have a work requirement. They will not be able to have a work requirement. They will be better off taking a 5-percent penalty and not having any work requirement in 44 of the 50 States of this country because there will not be enough funds for child care and for job training. What a fraud, but the wealthy will get their tax cut.

The Republicans take domestic spending, spending in this country on infrastructure, spending on education, spending on research and development—the very things that are critical to our future—and they cut those \$190 billion below a hard freeze.

In the budget plan I offered, we froze those programs for 7 years. Their program cuts \$190 billion below a freeze, tough, harsh cuts in education, in infrastructure and research, in the things that matter to the future of our country, but the wealthy will get their tax cut.

The Republican budget agreement also makes draconian and drastic cuts in agriculture programs. Many people do not understand agriculture outside of the heartland of the country. But I tell you, our farmers work every day competing not only against the French farmer and the German farmer, but against the French Government and the German Government, and this budget signals unilateral disarmament; we are going to give up in this trade battle; we are going to leave that playing field to our European competitors; and we are going to back away from one more market where the United States has been dominant; we are going to raise the white flag of surrender in this trade battle and give up these agricultural markets.

Make no mistake, that is precisely what is going to happen under this plan.

Middle-class program after middleclass program will be devastated, but the wealthy will get their tax cut. Those priorities do not make sense, and they certainly do not benefit the middle class. The tax cuts that our friends have in mind are tax cuts that benefit disproportionately those who are the wealthiest among us.

This chart shows an analysis of the House plan. We do not yet have the Senate plan. The House plan is very clear in terms of who benefits from the Republican tax bill. If you are a family of four earning over \$200,000 a year, you get an \$11,000 tax break. If you are a family of four earning \$30,000 a year, you get \$124. That is 100 times as much to the family of four earning \$200,000 as to the family of four earning \$30,000. That is the Republican idea of targeting tax relief: Give the crumbs to the middle class; give the cake to the wealthy. That is the Republican plan that is before us today.

This budget resolution is nothing more than a repeat of the failed trick-le-down economics of the 1980's. We learned a lesson in the 1980's that some have forgotten. We learned then that wealth does not trickle down, it gets sucked up. That is precisely what the plan before us today will do: Big bucks for the big guys and crumbs for the middle class. That is the plan that is before us.

I say to my colleagues and friends that if these policies are enacted, we will witness an even larger redistribution of wealth than the one that took place in the early 1980's. I remind $m\nu$ colleagues what happened. From 1983 to 1989, the last time the Republicans had control, this is what happened to growth in financial wealth in this country. The top 1 percent got 66 percent of the increased wealth in that period—the top 1 percent got 66 percent of the increased wealth. The bottom 80 percent—the vast majority of the people in this country—went backward. They saw their wealth reduced by 3 percent.

Mr. President, the Republican commentator, Kevin Phillips, had an interesting comment on National Public Radio several weeks ago. He said:

If the budget deficit were really a national crisis . . . we'd be talking about shared sacrifice, with business, Wall Street, and the rich—the people who have the big money—making the biggest sacrifice. Instead, the richest 1 or 2 percent—far from making sacrifices—actually get new benefits and tax reductions.

That is the plan that is before us—an enormous transfer of wealth, from the middle class and the lower income people to those who are the highest on the income scale in this country. That is not fair, that is not right, and that is not an economic plan for the future of America.

During Senate debate on the budget resolution, I and a number of my col-

leagues offered an alternative balanced budget, one that balanced the budget by the year 2004, without counting Social Security surpluses. And we had much different priorities. Yes, we reduced the rate of increase in Medicare and Medicaid, because that must be done—but not in the draconian fashion contained in this budget resolution.

We also had reductions in the rate of growth for nutrition programs, and others—but not the draconian reductions that we see here. We were able to do that by going to the wealthiest among us and asking them to participate in a plan to restore America's fiscal health. Shared sacrifice; everybody has to play a part. That is the American way. That is the way we ought to do what needs to be done.

Mr. DORGAN. I wonder if the Senator from North Dakota will yield for a question.

Mr. CONRAD. I am happy to yield.

Mr. DORGAN. I appreciate it. I have been watching some of the discussion. I have noticed several Members of the majority side nearly breaking their arms patting themselves on the back in the last hour or so because they say they have brought a balanced budget to the floor of the Senate. I noticed in the press conference at which they unveiled it, they said they kept their promise, ergo, a balanced budget. I notice the press reported that they had brought a balanced budget to the floor of the Senate. Then I notice on page 3 of the document before the Senate, the very chart that I think the Senator from North Dakota has. Senator CONRAD, where it says "deficits," it appears they have been patting themselves on the back too soon.

The Senator from North Dakota is saying, is he not, that there are no balanced budgets in 2002? In fact, this budget resolution would leave a deficit of \$108 billion in the year 2002; is that correct? And, if so, why is everybody patting themselves on the back and claiming that the budget is in balance if on page 3 it says it is not in balance, that it is \$108 billion short of balance in the year 2002?

Mr. CONRAD. The Senator is exactly right. I think they are hoping nobody actually reads the document. So far, they have been wildly successful in that. The news media have not bothered to read the source document either. If they do, they will see under "deficits" in the year 2002, it does not say zero; it does not say they have reached a balanced budget. It shows a deficit of \$108 billion in the year 2002. That is because they have looted every penny of the Social Security surplus trust funds during this period.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The time yielded to the Senator from North Dakota has expired.

Mr. CONRAD. I yield the floor, Mr. President.

Mr. LAUTENBERG. Mr. President, we will yield to the Republican side now, despite the fact that we had only